

Package ‘jpgrid’

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Type Package

Title Functions for the Grid Square Codes in Japan

Version 0.3.1

Description Provides functions for grid square codes in Japan

(<<https://www.stat.go.jp/english/data/mesh/index.html>>).

Generates the grid square codes from longitude/latitude, geometries, and the grid square codes of different scales, and vice versa.

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URL <https://github.com/UchidaMizuki/jpgrid>,

<https://uchidamizuki.github.io/jpgrid/>

BugReports <https://github.com/UchidaMizuki/jpgrid/issues>

Depends R (>= 4.1.0)

Imports dplyr (>= 0.8.0), geosphere, purrr (>= 1.0.0), rlang (>= 0.3.0), stars, sf, stringr (>= 1.4.0), tibble, tidyverse (>= 1.0.0), units, vctrs, lifecycle, pillar, tidyselect, cli

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as_tbl_grid *Convert a data frame into a `tbl_grid` object*

Description

[Deprecated]

Usage

```
as_tbl_grid(x, var = NULL, grid_size = NULL, strict = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	An object to be converted into an object class <code>tbl_grid</code> .
<code>var</code>	A variable to specify the grid object. By default, the first column of the grid object is taken.
<code>grid_size</code>	A grid size.
<code>strict</code>	A logical scalar. Should the number of digits in the grid square code match a given number of digits?
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to tibble::new_tibble() .

Details

It is recommended to use `grid_as_sf()`.

The `tbl_grid` object is a data frame with `grid` objects in the columns. `as_tbl_grid` converts a data frame into a `tbl_grid` object.

Value

A `tbl_grid` object.

`bbox_to_grid`

Converting bbox to grid square codes

Description

Converting bbox to grid square codes

Usage

```
bbox_to_grid(bbox, grid_size)
```

Arguments

`bbox` A `bbox`.

`grid_size` A grid size.

Value

A grid vector.

`coords`

Conversion between grid square codes and coordinates (longitude and latitude)

Description

Conversion between grid square codes and coordinates (longitude and latitude)

Usage

```
coords_to_grid(X, Y, grid_size)
```

```
grid_to_coords(grid, center = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>X</code>	A numeric vector of longitude.
<code>Y</code>	A numeric vector of latitude.
<code>grid_size</code>	A grid size.
<code>grid</code>	A grid class vector.
<code>center</code>	Should the center point of the grid be returned? Otherwise the end points will be returned. TRUE by default.

Value

`coords_to_grid()` returns a `grid` vector.

`grid_to_coords()` returns a `tbl_df`.

`geometry_to_grid` *Converting sfc geometries to grid square codes*

Description

Converting sfc geometries to grid square codes

Usage

```
geometry_to_grid(geometry, grid_size, options = "ALL_TOUCHED=TRUE", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>geometry</code>	A <code>sfc</code> vector.
<code>grid_size</code>	A grid size.
<code>options</code>	Options vector for GDALRasterize passed on to <code>stars::st_rasterize()</code> .
<code>...</code>	Passed on to <code>stars::st_rasterize()</code> .

Value

A list of `grid` vectors.

grid_as_sf*Converting data frame containing grid square codes to sf*

Description

Converting data frame containing grid square codes to sf

Usage

```
grid_as_sf(  
  x,  
  as_points = FALSE,  
  crs = sf::NA_crs_,  
  grid_column_name = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

x	A data frame or a grid.
as_points	Return the center points of the grids or not?
crs	Coordinate reference system.
grid_column_name	A scalar character.
...	passed on to sf::st_as_sf() .

Value

A sf object.

grid_as_stars*Converting data frame containing regional grids to stars*

Description

Converting data frame containing regional grids to stars

Usage

```
grid_as_stars(  
  x,  
  coords = NULL,  
  crs = sf::NA_crs_,  
  grid_column_name = NULL,  
  ...  
)
```

Arguments

- x A data frame or a grid.
- coords The column names or indices that form the cube dimensions.
- crs Coordinate reference system.
- grid_column_name A scalar character.
- ... Passed on to `stars::st_as_stars()`.

Value

A `stars` object.

`grid_city`

List of grid square codes by Japanese municipalities

Description

List of grid square codes by Japanese municipalities

Usage

`grid_city`

Format

An object of class `tbl_df` (inherits from `tbl`, `data.frame`) with 462915 rows and 6 columns.

Source

https://www.stat.go.jp/data/mesh/m_itiran.html

`grid_class`

Grid square code vector

Description

[**Deprecated**]

Usage

```
grid_80km(x, strict = TRUE)  
grid_10km(x, strict = TRUE)  
grid_1km(x, strict = TRUE)  
grid_500m(x, strict = TRUE)  
grid_250m(x, strict = TRUE)  
grid_125m(x, strict = TRUE)  
grid_100m(x, strict = TRUE)  
grid_auto(x, strict = TRUE)
```

Arguments

x	A list or vector.
strict	A logical scalar. Should the number of digits in the grid square code match a given number of digits?

Details

It is recommended to use `grid_parse()` or `grid_convert()`.

A series of functions return `grid` class for each grid size. `grid_auto()` returns automatically determine grid size by the largest grid size.

Value

A `grid` vector.

<code>grid_convert</code>	<i>Convert the grid size of grid objects</i>
---------------------------	--

Description

Convert the grid size of grid objects

Usage

```
grid_convert(grid, grid_size)
```

Arguments

- `grid` A grid vector.
`grid_size` A grid size.

Value

A grid vector.

Examples

```
grid_500m <- parse_grid(c("533945263", "533935863", "533945764"), "500m")
grid_convert(grid_500m, "10km")
```

<code>grid_distance</code>	<i>Distance between grid square codes</i>
----------------------------	---

Description

If `grid` and `grid_to` are both vectors, the distance between `grid` and `grid_to` is calculated. If `grid` is a list, The path distance of each element is calculated.

Usage

```
grid_distance(
  grid,
  grid_to = NULL,
  close = FALSE,
  type = c("keep_na", "ignore_na", "skip_na")
)
```

Arguments

- `grid` A grid vector or a list of grid vector.
`grid_to` A grid vector.
`close` Should the path of each element be closed when `grid` is a list?
`type` How is the NA grid treated when `grid` is a list? "`skip_na`" skips the NA grid and connects the paths. "`keep_na`" by default.

Value

A double vector.

grid_line	<i>Draw line segments between grid square codes</i>
-----------	---

Description

If `grid` and `grid_to` are both vectors, the line between `grid` and `grid_to` is drawn (using Bresenham's line algorithm). If `grid` is a list, The path lines for each element in the grid will be drawn.

Usage

```
grid_line(grid, grid_to = NULL, close = FALSE, skip_na = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>grid</code>	A grid vector or a list of grid vector.
<code>grid_to</code>	A grid vector.
<code>close</code>	Should the path of each element be closed when <code>grid</code> is a list?
<code>skip_na</code>	Should skip the NA grid and connects the paths? FALSE by default.

Value

A list of grid vectors.

grid_move	<i>Moving on grid square codes</i>
-----------	------------------------------------

Description

Moving on grid square codes

Usage

```
grid_move(grid, n_X, n_Y)
```

Arguments

<code>grid</code>	A grid vector.
<code>n_X</code>	Number of moving cells in the longitude direction.
<code>n_Y</code>	Number of moving cells in the latitude direction.

Value

A grid vector.

grid_neighbor	<i>Neighborhood grid square codes</i>
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Description

Neighborhood grid square codes

Usage

```
grid_neighbor(grid, n = 1L, moore = TRUE, simplify = TRUE)
```

Arguments

grid	A grid vector.
n	A numeric vector of degrees.
moore	Moore neighborhood (TRUE) or Von Neumann neighborhood (FALSE).
simplify	Should simplify the format of the return?

Value

A list of grid vectors.

grid_subdivide	<i>Subdivide grid square codes</i>
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Description

grid_subdivide() makes the grid square codes finer.

Usage

```
grid_subdivide(grid, grid_size)
```

Arguments

grid	A grid vector.
grid_size	A grid size.

Value

A list of grid vector.

is_grid	<i>Test if the object is a grid</i>
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Description

Test if the object is a grid

Usage

```
is_grid(x, grid_size = NULL)
```

Arguments

x	An object.
grid_size	A grid size.

Value

TRUE if the object inherits from the `grid` class.

jpgrid	<i>Functions for the Grid Square Codes in Japan</i>
--------	---

Description

Provides functions for grid square codes in Japan (<https://www.stat.go.jp/english/data/mesh/index.html>). Generates the grid square codes from longitude/latitude, geometries, and the grid square codes of different scales, and vice versa.

Author(s)

Maintainer: Mizuki Uchida <uchidamizuki@vivaldi.net>

See Also

<https://www.stat.go.jp/english/data/mesh/index.html>

<code>parse_grid</code>	<i>Parse grid square codes</i>
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Description

Parse grid square codes

Usage

```
parse_grid(x, grid_size = NULL, strict = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	A character vector of grid square codes.
<code>grid_size</code>	A grid size.
<code>strict</code>	A logical scalar. Should the number of digits in the grid square code match a given number of digits? By default, TRUE.

Examples

```
parse_grid("53394526313")
parse_grid("53394526313", "80km")
parse_grid("53394526313", "80km",
          strict = FALSE)
```

<code>XY</code>	<i>Conversion between grid square codes and coordinates (longitude and latitude)</i>
-----------------	--

Description

[Deprecated]

Usage

```
grid_to_XY(grid, center = TRUE)
XY_to_grid(X, Y, grid_size)
```

Arguments

grid	A grid class vector.
center	Should the center point of the grid be returned? Otherwise the end points will be returned. TRUE by default.
X	A numeric vector of longitude.
Y	A numeric vector of latitude.
grid_size	A grid size.

Value

`grid_to_XY()` returns a `tbl_df`.

`XY_to_grid()` returns a `grid` vector.

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